

Our Thinking

Just over a year ago, Bloomberg summed up a dismal 2018 by noting that "US stocks ended the worst year since the financial crisis". It was a painful year to endure, with global equities losing nearly 20% from peak to trough, ending the year down 9%.

The mood could not have been more different a few weeks ago when CNBC declared that "The stock market boomed in 2019... A hot technology sector and easy money from the Fed repeatedly sent markets to all-time highs." The MSCI World Index returned 28% last year.

But imagine you had just slept through it all. On waking up, your annualised return for the two-year period would have been 8%—a solid result, but one more worthy of a shrug than a wince or a cheer. Such a "Sleeping Beauty" investment approach would have some powerful behavioural advantages. It would guarantee that you could tune out the market noise, stay focused on the long term, and avoid the trap of emotional decisions.

Most importantly, your investment results would be more likely to be driven by fundamentals rather than sentiment. The reality is that most businesses evolve at a much slower pace than the frenetic market chatter and price gyrations would suggest. Despite all the apparent complexity in the financial world, there are just three sources of equity returns: fundamental growth, changes in valuations, and dividends.

What drove equity returns in 2018 and 2019?

USD returns for the MSCI World Index, %	2018	2019	Two-year period†
Total return	(8.7)	27.7	16.5
Fundamental growth*	14.8	(4.4)	9.7
Change in valuation**	(22.0)	31.0	2.2
Dividends***	1.9	2.0	4.0

Source: Bloomberg, Orbis. Total returns include reinvested dividends (net of withholding tax). † 31 Dec 2017 to 31 Dec 2019, not annualised.

This framework can give us a more useful picture of the past two years. For fundamentals, we can look at earnings growth, and for valuations, we can look at the change in the price-earnings ratio that investors are willing to pay for those earnings. In 2018, earnings growth was actually pretty good—about 15%—but valuations collapsed by 22% as the market's price-earnings ratio fell from 20 to 16. The opposite was true in 2019. Earnings declined by 4%, but investors were significantly more upbeat, pushing up price-earnings multiples by 31%, from 16 to 21. Dividends gently boosted returns by 2% in both years.

The most interesting part of this example comes when you look at the full two-year period. The cumulative return of more than 16% can be explained largely by earnings growth (10 percentage points) and the dividend yield (4 percentage points). The change in valuation had only a small impact—just 2 percentage points—as the euphoria of 2019 and the despondency of 2018 essentially cancelled each other out.

Of course, it doesn't always work out quite that neatly. A Sleeping Beauty investor who fell asleep at the peak of the tech bubble in March 2000 and woke up in the darkest hour of the global financial crisis in March 2009 would have experienced a rude awakening indeed. So while it's often helpful to ignore the noise, the one thing you can't afford to ignore is valuations. If you can identify a good business trading at a low multiple, you can look forward to both earnings growth and a potential re-rating as you slumber. If nothing else, you can reduce the risk of paying too much and waking up with a permanent loss of capital.

Benjamin Graham, who pioneered the profession of security analysis in the 1930s, famously described the

stockmarket as a "voting machine" rather than a "weighing machine", at least in the short run. Investors cast their votes each day with their buying and selling decisions, and the results—share prices—can swing with the moods of the crowd. In the fullness of time, however, it's the weight of the fundamentals that ultimately determines the real value of an investment.

This is why we focus so much of our time on analysing the fundamentals of individual companies. If we can understand what drives a company's profits, and how it might allocate those profits to support growth or dividends, we can estimate the true value of the business, and compare that estimate to

the company's share price. This long-term perspective helps us to filter out much of the short-term noise in markets. We certainly don't have the luxury of sleeping through the noise, but we do have the freedom to stay focused on the things that we believe really matter.

This report does not constitute a recommendation to buy, sell or hold any interests, shares or other securities in the companies mentioned in it nor does it constitute financial advice.

^{*}Growth in trailing 12-month earnings per share.

^{**}Change in the trailing 12-month price-earnings ratio.

^{***}Impact of reinvested dividends on the index total return.



Orbis SICAV Japan Equity (Yen) Fund

The Fund is designed to remain fully invested in Japanese equities and seeks higher returns than the Japanese stockmarket, without greater risk of loss. It is predominantly exposed to the Japanese yen. The benchmark is the Tokyo Stock Price Index, including income, gross of withholding taxes ("TOPIX").

¥5,487 **Pricing currency** Japanese yen **Domicile** Luxembourg Type **SICAV** Share class **Investor Share Class Fund size** ¥120 billion **Fund inception** 1 January 1998 Strategy size ¥187 billion Strategy inception 1 January 1998

Benchmark TOPIX
Peer group Average Japan Equity
Fund Index
Minimum investment US\$50,000
Dealing Weekly
(Thursdays)
Entry/exit fees None
UCITS compliant Yes
ISIN LU0160128079

Growth of ¥10,000 investment, net of fees, dividends reinvested



Returns (%)

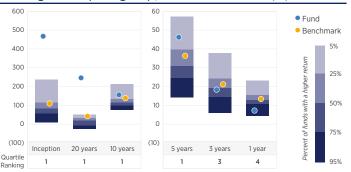
	Fund	Peer group	Benchmark
Annualised		Net	Gross
Since Fund inception	8.0	2.5	3.3
20 years	6.2	0.3	1.6
10 years	9.5	7.6	8.8
5 years	7.2	5.0	5.8
3 years	4.6	5.1	5.8
1 year	3.7	9.8	10.2
Not annualised			
3 months	(0.1)	1.4	1.2
1 month	(4.0)		(2.1)

	Year	%
Best performing calendar year since Fund inception	2013	57.0
Worst performing calendar year since Fund inception	2008	(32.4)

Risk Measures, since Fund inception

	Fund	Peer group	Benchmark
Historic maximum drawdown (%)	52	60	56
Months to recovery	90	124	93
Annualised monthly volatility (%)	18.1	18.0	17.5
Beta vs benchmark	0.9	1.0	1.0
Tracking error vs benchmark (%)	9.3	2.6	0.0

Ranking within peer group, cumulative return (%)



Sector Allocation (%)

Sector	Fund	Benchmark
Cyclicals	51	38
Consumer Non-Durables	40	25
Financials	6	10
Information and Communications	3	9
Technology	0	17
Utilities	0	1
Total	100	100

Top 10 Holdings

	Sector	%
Sumitomo	Consumer Non-Durables	9.0
TSURUHA Holdings	Consumer Non-Durables	6.5
Mitsui & Co	Consumer Non-Durables	6.0
Honda Motor	Cyclicals	6.0
Sumitomo Mitsui Fin.	Financials	5.9
Mitsubishi	Consumer Non-Durables	4.9
lida Group Holdings	Cyclicals	4.9
INPEX	Cyclicals	4.7
Kubota	Cyclicals	4.5
NGK Insulators	Cyclicals	4.3
Total		56.6

Portfolio Concentration & Characteristics

% of NAV in top 25 holdings	95
Total number of holdings	30
12 month portfolio turnover (%)	34
12 month name turnover (%)	15
Active share (%)	92

Fees & Expenses (%), for last 12 months

Management fee ¹	1.79
For 3 year performance in line with benchmark	1.50
For 3 year outperformance/(underperformance) vs benchmark	0.29
Fund expenses	0.10
Total Expense Ratio (TER)	1.89

Past performance is not a reliable indicator of future results. Orbis Fund share prices fluctuate and are not guaranteed. Returns may decrease or increase as a result of currency fluctuations. When making an investment in the Funds, an investor's capital is at risk.

See Notices for important information about this Fact Sheet.

1.5% per annum ± up to 1%, based on 3 year rolling outperformance/ (underperformance) vs benchmark.



Orbis SICAV Japan Equity Fund

This Fact Sheet is a Minimum Disclosure Document and a monthly General Investor Report as required by the South African Financial Sector Conduct Authority.

Manager	Orbi	is Investment Ma	nagement (Luxe	mbourg) S.A.
Investment Manager		Orbis Inv	estment Managei	ment Limited
Inception date			1.	January 1998
Number of shares (Investor Share Class)	Yen Class:	10,798,216	Euro Class:	1,044,198
Income distributions during the last 12 months				None

Fund Objective and Benchmarks

The Yen Classes of the Fund seek higher returns in yen than the Japanese stockmarket, without greater risk of loss. The Euro Class of the Fund seeks higher returns than the Japanese stockmarket hedged into euro, without greater risk of loss. The TOPIX measured in Japanese yen (including income and before deduction of withholding taxes) (the "TOPIX Yen") is the Yen Class' benchmark, while the TOPIX Yen hedged into euro (the "TOPIX Euro") is the benchmark of the Euro Class.

The Fund does not seek to mirror the TOPIX Yen/TOPIX Euro and may deviate meaningfully from them in pursuit of superior long-term capital appreciation.

How We Aim to Achieve the Fund's Objective/Adherence to Objective

The Fund is actively managed and is designed to be exposed to all of the risks and rewards of selected Japanese equities. The Fund identifies as Japanese equities those equities of companies which are domiciled in Japan, whose securities trade on a Japanese stockmarket or whose business is primarily located in or linked to Japan. These equities are selected using extensive proprietary investment research undertaken by the Investment Manager and its investment advisors. Orbis devotes a substantial proportion of its business efforts to detailed "bottom up" investment research conducted with a long-term perspective, believing that such research makes superior long-term performance attainable. The lower the price of a share as compared to its assessed intrinsic value, the more attractive Orbis considers the equity's fundamental value. The Investment Manager believes that over the long term, equity investing based on this approach offers superior returns and reduces the risk of loss.

All share classes invest in a portfolio of Japanese equities selected by the Investment Manager. However, while the currency exposure of the Yen Classes remains as fully exposed to the yen as practicable, the Euro Class is hedged into, and therefore largely exposed to, the euro. The Euro Class is designed for investors who measure their returns in euro and who wish to be invested in Japanese equities without being exposed to fluctuations in the yen-euro exchange rate. In addition, the Fund may, to the extent permitted, by its investment restrictions, also periodically hold cash and cash equivalents when the Investment Manager believes this to be consistent with the Fund's investment objective.

Since inception and over the latest ten- and five-year periods, both the Yen and Euro Classes have outperformed their respective benchmarks net of fees. The Fund will experience periods of underperformance in pursuit of its objective of creating long-term wealth for investors.

Risk/Reward Profile

- The Fund is aimed at investors who are seeking a portfolio the objective of which is to invest in, and be exposed to Japanese equities
- · Investments in the Fund may suffer capital loss.
- Investors should understand that the Investment Manager generally assesses an equity investment's attractiveness using a three-to-five year time horizon.

Management Fee

As is described in more detail in the Fund's Prospectus, the Fund's various share classes bear different management fees. The fees are

designed to align the Manager's and Investment Manager's interests with those of investors in the Fund. With respect to the Fund's Investor Share Classes, the fee is structured as follows: a fee is charged based on the net asset value of the class. The fee rate is calculated weekly by comparing the Yen class' performance over three years against the TOPIX Yen. For each percentage point of three year performance above or below that performance, 0.04 percentage points are added to or deducted from 1.5%, subject to the following limits:

- Maximum fee: 2.5% per annum
- Minimum fee: 0.5% per annum

For a description of the management fee borne by the Fund's other share classes, please refer to the Fund's Prospectus.

Fees, Expenses and Total Expense Ratio (TER)

The relevant class within the Fund bears all expenses payable by such class, which shall include but not be limited to fees payable to its Manager, Investment Manager and additional service providers, fees and expenses involved in registering and maintaining governmental registrations, taxes, duties and all other operating expenses, including the cost of buying and selling assets. However, the Manager and the Investment Manager have agreed that in the current calendar year, except for specified exclusions, operating expenses attributable to the Fund's Investor Share Classes will be capped at 0.20%. Please refer to the Fund's Prospectus for a description of the fee cap applicable to its other share classes. Each cap will be automatically extended for further successive one year periods unless terminated by the Manager or the Investment Manager at least three months prior to the end of the then current term. The operating expenses that are capped are all expenses, excluding the Manager's and Investment Managers' fees described above under "Management Fee," the cost of buying and selling assets, interest and brokerage charges.

Where an investor subscribes or redeems an amount representing 5% or more of the net asset value of the Fund, the Manager may cause the Fund to levy a fee of 0.25% of the net asset value of the Fund shares being acquired or redeemed.

The annual management fees charged are included in the TER. The TER is a measure of the actual expenses incurred by the class over a 12 month period, excluding trading costs. Since Fund returns are quoted after deduction of these expenses, the TER should not be deducted from the published returns. Expenses may vary, so the current TER is not a reliable indicator of future TERs.

Changes in the Fund's Top 10 Holdings

31 October 2019	%	31 January 2020	%
Sumitomo	9.8	Sumitomo	9.0
TSURUHA Holdings	7.4	TSURUHA Holdings	6.5
COSMOS Pharmaceutical	5.5	Mitsui & Co	6.0
Honda Motor	5.5	Honda Motor	6.0
Sumitomo Mitsui Fin.	5.5	Sumitomo Mitsui Fin.	5.9
Mitsui & Co	5.3	Mitsubishi	4.9
NGK Insulators	5.0	Iida Group Holdings	4.9
lida Group Holdings	4.7	INPEX	4.7
Mitsubishi	4.3	Kubota	4.5
Sumitomo Electric Industries	4.2	NGK Insulators	4.3
Total	57.1	Total	56.6

Past performance is not a reliable indicator of future results. Orbis Fund share prices fluctuate and are not guaranteed. Returns may decrease or increase as a result of currency fluctuations. When making an investment in the Funds, an investor's capital is at risk.



Orbis SICAV Japan Equity Fund

Change to the Investment Manager of the Orbis SICAV Japan Equity Fund

Historically, the investment management of the Orbis SICAV's Asian strategies has been delegated to Orbis Investment Management (Guernsey) Limited¹ ("Orbis Guernsey"), while the investment management of the Orbis SICAV's other strategies has been delegated to Orbis Investment Management Limited ("Orbis Bermuda"). Orbis Bermuda has been the Investment Advisor for the Orbis SICAV Japan Equity Fund (the "Fund").

Effective January 2020, the provision of investment management services to the Fund was rationalised by replacing Orbis Guernsey with Orbis Bermuda. Importantly, this change has no impact on the Fund's strategy, risk profile or fees.

The Orbis SICAV prospectus provides further details regarding Orbis Bermuda, which has ceased to act as Investment Advisor in respect of the Fund as of the date of its appointment as Investment Manager.

¹ formerly Orbis Investment Management (B.V.I.) Limited

Additional Information

South African residents should contact Allan Gray Unit Trust Management (RF) Proprietary Limited at 0860 000 654 (toll free from within South Africa) or offshore_direct@allangray.co.za to receive, free of charge, additional information about a proposed investment (including Prospectus, application forms, annual reports and a schedule of fees, charges and maximum commissions). The Investment Manager can be contacted at +1 441 296 3000 or clientservice@orbis.com. The Fund's Depositary is Citibank Europe plc, Luxembourg Branch, 31 Z.A. Bourmicht, L-8070 Bertrange, Luxembourg. All information provided herein is subject to the more detailed information provided in the Fund's Prospectus.

Share Price and Transaction Cut Off Times

Share prices are calculated on a net asset value basis by share class, normally as of 5:30 pm (Bermuda time) (i) in the case of the Investor Share Classes, each Thursday (or, if a Thursday is not a business day, the preceding business day), (ii) in the case of the Refundable Reserve Fee Share Classes, the first Thursday of each calendar month and any other Thursday on which an investor transacts in such class (or, if a Thursday is not a business day, the preceding business day), (iii) on the last calendar day of each month (or, if that is not a weekday, the preceding weekday) and/or (iv) any other days in addition to (or substitution for) any of the days described in (i), (ii) or (iii), as determined by the Manager without notice.

Subscriptions are only valid if made on the basis of the Fund's current Prospectus. To be processed on a given dealing day: subscription requests into an Orbis Fund that is not an Orbis SICAV Fund must be submitted by 5:00 pm on that dealing day; subscription requests into an Orbis Fund that is an Orbis SICAV Fund must be submitted by 5:30 pm; redemption requests from an Orbis Fund that is not an Orbis SICAV Fund must be submitted by 12 noon; redemption requests from an Orbis SICAV Fund must be submitted by 5:30 pm; requests to switch from an Orbis Fund that is not an Orbis SICAV Fund must be submitted by 12 noon; requests to switch from an Orbis SICAV Fund into a different Orbis Fund that is not an Orbis SICAV Fund must be submitted by 5:00 pm; requests to switch from an Orbis Fund that is not an Orbis SICAV Fund must be submitted by 12 noon; and requests to switch from an Orbis Fund that is an Orbis Fund that is an Orbis SICAV Fund must be submitted by 12 noon; and requests to switch from an Orbis Fund that is an Orbis Fund that is an Orbis SICAV Fund must be submitted by 12 noon; and requests to switch from an Orbis Fund that is an Orbis SICAV Fund must be submitted by 5:30 pm. All times given are Bermuda time, and all requests must be properly completed and accompanied by any required funds and/or information.

Share prices, updated weekly, are available

- from the Allan Gray Unit Trust Management (RF) Proprietary Limited's website at www.allangray.co.za,
- from the Orbis website at www.orbis.com,
- by e-mail, by registering with Orbis for this service at the Orbis website at www.orbis.com, and
- from Bloomberg.

Legal Notices

Returns are net of Investor Share Class fees, include income and assume reinvestment of dividends. Figures quoted are for the periods indicated for a $\pm 10,000$ or $\pm 10,000$ investment (lump sum, for illustrative purposes only). Annualised returns show the average amount earned on an investment in the Fund/share class each year over the given time period. This Report does not constitute advice nor a recommendation to buy, sell or hold, nor an offer to sell or a solicitation to buy interests or shares in the Orbis Funds or other securities in the companies mentioned in it.

Collective Investment Schemes (CIS) are generally medium to long-term investments. The value of an investment in the Fund may go down as well as up, and past performance is not a reliable indicator of future results. Neither the Manager nor the Investment Manager provides any guarantee with respect to capital or the Fund's returns. Fluctuations or movements in exchange rates may cause the value of underlying international investments to go up or down. CIS are traded at ruling prices and can engage in borrowing and scrip lending. Commission and incentives may be paid by investors to third parties and, if so, would be included in the overall costs. Individual investors' performance may differ as a result of investment date, reinvestment date and dividend withholding tax, as well as a levy that may apply in the case transactions representing more than 5% of the Fund's net asset value. The Fund may be closed to new investments at any time in order to be managed in accordance with its mandate. The Fund invests in foreign securities. Depending on their markets, trading in those securities may carry risks relating to, among others, macroeconomic and political circumstances, constraints on liquidity or the repatriation of funds, foreign exchange rate fluctuations, taxation and trade settlement.

The discussion topics for the commentaries were selected, and the commentaries were finalised and approved, by Orbis Investment Management Limited, the Fund's Investment Manager. Information in this Report is based on sources believed to be accurate and reliable and provided "as is" and in good faith. The Orbis Group does not make any representation or warranty as to accuracy, reliability, timeliness or completeness of the information in this Report. The Orbis Group disclaims all liability (whether arising in contract, tort, negligence or otherwise) for any error, omission, loss or damage (whether direct, indirect, consequential or otherwise) in connection with the information in this Report.

Fund Information

Prior to 29 November 2002 the Orbis SICAV Japan Equity Fund—Yen class was a British Virgin Islands investment company, Orbis Japan Equity (Yen) Fund Limited.

Fund Minimum

Minimum investment amounts in the Fund are specified in the Fund's Prospectus, provided that a new investor in the Orbis Funds must open an investment account with Orbis, which may be subject to minimum investment restrictions, country restrictions and/or other terms and conditions. For more information on opening an Orbis investment account, please visit www.orbis.com.

Clients investing via Allan Gray, which includes the Allan Gray Investment Platform, an Allan Gray investment pool or otherwise through Allan Gray Nominees, remain subject to the investment minimums specified by the applicable terms and conditions.

Sources

TOPIX Stock Price Index, including income ("TOPIX"): Tokyo Stock Exchange. TOPIX hedged into euro is calculated by Orbis using an industry-standard methodology using the TOPIX which is in yen. No further distribution of the TOPIX data is permitted.

Average Fund data source and peer group ranking data source: © 2020 Morningstar. All Rights Reserved. Such information (1) is proprietary to Morningstar and/or its content providers; (2) may not be copied or distributed; and (3) is not warranted to be accurate, complete or timely. Neither Morningstar nor its content providers are responsible for any damages or losses arising from any use of this information. The latest average fund indices provided by Morningstar are for 23 January 2020. To allow comparison of returns to a common date we have extended the average equity and multi-asset class fund indices to reflect the subsequent movement of the applicable benchmark indices. Average fund returns are not shown for periods of a month or less as high price volatility and late fund reporting regularly cause them to be significantly restated by Morningstar.



Notice regarding Annual General Meetings of Orbis Global Equity Fund Limited, Orbis Institutional Funds Limited, Orbis Japan Equity (US\$) Fund Limited, Orbis Optimal (US\$) Fund Limited, Orbis Optimal Overlay Funds Limited and Selection of Orbis Funds Limited

Notice is hereby given that the Annual General Meeting of each of Orbis Global Equity Fund Limited, Orbis Institutional Funds Limited, Orbis Japan Equity (US\$) Fund Limited, Orbis Optimal (US\$) Fund Limited, Orbis Optimal Overlay Funds Limited and Selection of Orbis Funds Limited (each a "Company") will be held at the offices of Orbis Investment Management Limited, Orbis House, 25 Front Street, Hamilton HM 11, Bermuda on 31 March 2020 at 10:00 am. Members of these Companies are invited to attend and address the meeting. The Agenda for each Company will comprise the following:

- Review of Minutes of the Annual General Meeting of Members of the Company held on 29 March 2019
- Review of the 2019 audited financial statements
- Appointment of the Directors of the Company
- Approval of Director's fees for the year to 31 December 2020
- Proposed re-appointment of Ernst & Young as Auditors for the year to 31 December 2020

By Order of the Board, James J Dorr, Secretary

Clarification on the ability to hold cash, and amendments to the investment restrictions in the prospectuses of the following Orbis Funds; Orbis Global Equity Fund and certain subfunds of the Orbis SICAV, namely the Global Equity Fund, Japan Equity Fund and Emerging Markets Equity Fund.

Effective February 2020, the amendments have two objectives, both of which relate to the Funds' investment approach.

The first is to clarify these Funds' ability to hold cash, as we have already done in the prospectuses of other Orbis Funds. The revised text is clear on this flexibility, which we believe enhances our ability to meet the Funds' investment objectives, which have not changed.

The second concerns these Funds' ability to use exchange-traded derivatives. Presently, the Funds may only buy exchange-traded derivatives. The change will allow the Funds to more effectively manage exposure to stockmarkets by also enabling them to sell those derivatives when we believe it to be consistent with the Funds' investment objectives. Selling exchange-traded derivatives can avoid unintended exposure to stockmarkets when a Fund has experienced redemptions and has not yet raised sufficient cash to pay the redemptions. Implementing this second change required deleting an investment restriction in certain Funds, which prohibited them from using derivatives to reduce exposure to stockmarkets.

Both amendments increase the Funds' ability to lower their long equity exposure in instances where we believe reduced exposure is preferable and consistent with the Funds' investment objectives.

If you have any questions regarding the above, please contact the Orbis Client Services Team at clientservice@orbis.com.

Notice regarding Orbis Global Equity Fund Limited

The Bye-Laws of Orbis Global Equity Fund Limited (the "Company") have been amended. These amendments include making provision for refundable reserve fee share classes in the capital structure of the Company. The Company will now offer three new share classes that will be available to eligible South African investors, namely a Shared Investor Refundable Reserve Fee Share Class, a Shared Investor Refundable Reserve Fee Share Class (A) and an AG Base Fee Share Class. Details of the share classes are set out in the prospectus of the Company available at www.orbis.com and a copy of the amended Bye-Laws may be obtained from the Investment Management Limited.

Notice regarding Orbis SICAV Emerging Markets Equity Fund and Orbis SICAV Japan Equity Fund

The Orbis SICAV Emerging Markets Equity Fund and Orbis SICAV Japan Equity Fund will now offer three new share classes that will be available to eligible South African investors, namely a Shared Investor Refundable Reserve Fee Share Class, a Shared Investor Refundable Reserve Fee Share Class (A) and an AG Base Fee Share Class. Details of the share classes are set out in the prospectus of the Orbis SICAV available at www.orbis.com.

Notice regarding Orbis Optimal SA Fund Limited

The Orbis Optimal SA Fund Limited (the "Company") will now offer two new share classes, namely a US\$ Standard Share Class and a Euro Standard Share Class (A). Additionally, the fixed fee charged in the Fixed Fee Share Classes will be reduced from 1.7% to 1.5% per annum. Details of these share classes are set out in the prospectus of the Company available at www.orbis.com.

Notes to Help You Understand This Report

Certain capitalised terms are defined in the Glossary section of the Orbis Funds' respective Prospectuses, copies of which are available upon request from Allan Gray Unit Trust Management (RF) Proprietary Limited, a Member of the Association for Savings & Investments SA. The country and currency classification for equity securities follows that of third party benchmark providers for comparability purposes. Based on a number of factors including the location of the underlying business, Orbis may consider a security's classification to be different and manage the Funds' exposures accordingly. Totals presented in this Report may not sum due to rounding.

Risk measures are ex-post and calculated on a monthly return series. Months to recovery measures the number of months from the preceding peak in performance to recovery of that level of performance.

12 month portfolio turnover for the Orbis Equity and Multi-Asset Class Funds is calculated as the lesser of total security purchases or sales in the Fund over the period, divided by the average net asset value (NAV) of the Fund. Short-term fixed income instruments are not included.

12 month name turnover for the Orbis Equity and Multi-Asset Class Funds is calculated as the number of positions held by the Fund at the start of the period but no longer held at the end of the period, divided by the total number of positions held by the Fund at the start of the period. Short-term fixed income instruments are not included.

Active share is a measure of the extent to which the holdings of the Orbis Equity and Multi-Asset Class Funds differ from their respective benchmark's holdings. It is calculated by summing the absolute value of the differences of the weight of each individual security in the specific Orbis Fund, versus the weight of each holding in the respective benchmark index, and dividing by two. For the Multi-Asset Class Funds, three calculations of active share are disclosed. The Portfolio active share incorporates the equity, fixed income, commodity and other securities (as applicable) held by the Orbis Fund and compares those to the holdings of the composite benchmark. The Equity and Fixed Income active shares are calculated as if the equity and fixed income portions of the Orbis Funds are independent funds; each of those two sets of holdings is separately compared to the fully-weighted holdings in the appropriate component of the composite benchmark. Although the Multi-Asset Class Funds hedge stock and bond market exposure, the active share calculations are "gross" and not adjusted to reflect the hedging in place at any point in time.

The total expense ratio has been calculated using the expenses, excluding trading costs, and average net assets for the 12 month period ending 31 January 2020.